

Surname
Other Names
Centre Number
Candidate Number
Candidate Signature

GCSE

CITIZENSHIP STUDIES

Paper 1

8100/1

Wednesday 12 June 2019 Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

You will need no other materials.

At the top of the page, write your surname and other names, your centre number, your candidate number and add your signature.



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INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer ALL questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided.
 Do NOT write on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

INFORMATION

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO



SECTION A

ACTIVE CITIZENSHIP

Answer ALL questions in this section.

0 1	'Investigating the action of others.'
0 1 . 1	Identify ONE role played by a pressure group. [1 mark]
0 1 . 2	Define the term 'political party'. [1 mark]



0 1 . 3	Citizens can hold people in positions of power to account.
	Explain ONE way this can be done. [2 marks]
0 1 . 4	Explain the term 'lobbying'.
	Give ONE example to support your answer. [2 marks]



0 1 . 5	Explain ONE role of charities. [2 marks]



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0 1 . 6 SOURCE A

Using the UK Government's petition website

Petitions

UK Government and Parliament

Petition

Ban the sale of animal fur in the UK.

Fur farming has been banned across the UK since 2002. However, fur products can still be legally imported from other countries and sold here in the UK.

Much of this fur comes from countries that have very weak or no animal welfare laws at all.

Sign this petition

74,737 signatures

- The UK Parliament e-petitions website allows members of the public to petition the Parliament of the United Kingdom.
- Only British citizens and UK residents can create or sign a petition.
- Petitions can be published online once they have the support of five citizens.
- At 10 000 signatures, the petitioners get a response from the government.



- At 100 000 signatures, the Petitions Committee considers whether there should be a debate on the matter in Parliament.
- Petitions must call for a specific action from the UK Government or the House of Commons.
- Petitions must be about something that the Government or the House of Commons is responsible for.
- Petitions can disagree with the Government and can ask for it to change its policies.

Examine why people wishing to bring about change in society may choose to start an online petition.

In your response you should refer to SOURCE A and examples from your own knowledge. [8 marks]			





Extra space	
	16



0 2	'Your Investigation'			
	State what your investigation is about.			
0 2 . 1	Explain ONE feature of the action plan for your investigation. [2 marks]			
0 2 . 2	Discuss how you decided on the issue of your investigation. [4 marks]			



Extra space	



0 2 . 3	Evaluate the success of the TYPE of action that you chose. [6 marks]



Extra space		



0 2 . 4	Think about the overall impact of your action. Analyse ways your citizenship action made a difference.
	Your answer should refer to:
	 overall goal(s) / aim(s) of your citizenship action how successful your action was the outcome achieved. [12 marks]





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SECTION B

POLITICS AND PARTICIPATION

Answer ALL questions.

For each question completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

CORRECT METHOD



WRONG METHODS





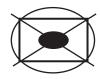




If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.

If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select

as shown.





0 3 . 1	Which statement is the correct definition of the term 'councillor'?						
	Shade in the ONE correct answer. [1 mark]						
	○ A	An individual who is elected to serve in local government					
	B	An individual who is employed by the local council					
	O C	An individual who offers advice to those suffering depression					
	O D	An individual who represents their constituency in Parliament					



0 3 . 2	One reason for holding a referendum would be to encourage wider interest in politics.
	Identify TWO other reasons for holding a referendum. [2 marks]
1	
2	
0 3 . 3	SOURCE B

'The European Parliament'

- The European Parliament has a single chamber of 751 MEPs.
- New laws are drafted by the European Commission and then sent to the European Parliament for approval.
- MEPs elect a President of the European Parliament who chairs their debates and represents the Parliament, both within the EU and internationally.
- The President of the European Parliament's signature is required in order to enact most laws.

Describe TWO ways in which the UK Parliament is different from the European Parliament.



Use SOURCE B to help you. [4 marks]

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0 4 . 1	Which individual is responsible for party discipline in Parliament?				
	Shade in the ONE correct answer. [1 mark]				
	○ A Backbencher				
	B Black Rod				
	C Speaker				
	O D Whip				
0 4 . 2	First Past the Post is one electoral system used in elections in the UK. Name TWO other electoral systems used in the UK. [2 marks]				
1					
2					



0	4	3

SOURCE C

'Political participation'

Zoe lives in rented accommodation in the middle of a large city. She is struggling to find a job but cannot pay her bills and feed her daughter from the benefits she receives.

Zoe's parents have always voted at elections. They see voting as a 'duty' as much as a 'right'. However, Zoe doesn't see the point. All of the parties look the same to her and she doesn't really identify with any of the candidates.

Referring to SOURCE C, discuss TWO arguments that could be used to persuade Zoe to vote at general elections. [4 marks]

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Identify TWO elections that use a non-proportional voting system.

Shade TWO correct responses. [2 marks]

A English local council Elections

B European Parliament Elections

C London Assembly Elections

D Northern Ireland Assembly Elections

E Scottish Parliament Elections

F UK General Elections



0 5 . 2 Identify TWO positions from the list below that are always held by MPs sitting in the House of Commons. **Shade TWO correct responses. [2 marks]** Black Rod A **Cabinet Minister** B C London Mayor **Prime Minister** \circ D **Speaker** Ε Whip F



0 5 . 3 SOURCE	ח
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'The President of the United States of America'

The President of the USA (POTUS) is both the head of the executive branch of government and also the head of state. The US Constitution prevents the President from being a member of Congress (the legislature) at the same time.

The President is directly elected every four years, with Congress elected separately. Although it is almost impossible to remove a President once they are in office, no President is allowed to be elected to serve more than two four-year terms in office.

Consider TWO ways in which the position of the US President described in SOURCE D is different from that of the UK Prime Minister. [4 marks]

1			



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A civil servant is employed to support the work of the government.			
Which of the following is a civil servant?			
Shade in the ONE correct answer. [1 mark]			
B First Minister of Scotland			
C Prime Minister			
D Supreme Court Justice			
'The rights of UK citizens are better protected than the rights of citizens in non-democratic countries.' Evaluate this view. [8 marks]			





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0 7 . 1 How many people are there in the UK Cabinet?

Shade in the ONE correct answer. [1 mark]

O A 12

O B 22

○ C 68

O D 650



0 7 . 2	'Using a more proportional electoral system at UK general elections will strengthen democracy.'			
	To what extent do you agree with this statement?			
	In your answer you should consider:			
	 democracy as a key value underpinning British society today the arguments for and against the system currently used advantages and disadvantages of more proportional systems. [8 marks] 			





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END OF QUESTIONS

For Examiner's Use			
Question	Mark		
1			
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TOTAL			

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